No 2/92, 1/93, 2nd Floor, 12th Main Road, 2nd Block, Rajajinagar, Bangalore -- 560 010



Ph. No: 080-23122441 Email: asca.associates@gmail.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To,

The Members of ISGN Corporation

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **ISGN Corporation** ('the Company'), which comprises of the Balance Sheet as at 31st December 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- i) in the case of balance sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 December 2015;
- ii) In the case of the statement of profit and loss account, of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date; and
- iii) in the case of cash flow statement, of the cash flows of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Other Matter

The Indian Rupee amounts are presented in the accompanying financial statements solely for the convenience of the reader and have been translated on the basis described in Notes to Accounts. The translation from US Dollars (USD) to Indian Rupee (INR) is unaudited.

For ASCA and Associates

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Chartered Accountants

FRN: 015515S

Ashish Jain

Parther

M No: 235486

Place: Bangalore Date: 26.04.2016

ISGN Corporation Balance Sheet

	Note	As at 31 December 2015 (in USD)	As at 31 December 2014 (in USD)	As at 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Shareholders' funds				
Share capital	2	85,340	85,320	5,646,121
Reserves and surplus	3	(1,973,380)	91,573,309	(130,558,829)
		(1,888,040)	91,658,629	(124,912,708)
Non-current liabilities				
Other long-term liabilities	4	2	8,300	
Con printing of relations of		•	8,300	•
Current liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	5	22,000,000	22,000,000	1,455,520,000
Trade payables	6	134,487	160,960	8,897,663
Other current liabilities	7	27,890,432	19,097,845	1,845,230,990
Short-term provisions	8	280,641	357,352	18,567,198
		50,305,560	41,616,157	3,328,215,850
Total		48,417,520	133,283,086	3,203,303,142
ASSETS				
		9		
Non-current assets				
Fixed assets	9			
- Tangible assets		46,528	13,154	3,078,261
- Intangible assets		14,493,547	15,111,901	958,893,040
- Intangible assets under development		1,340,363	694,950	88,678,415
Non-current investments	10	12,557,182	100,832,493	830,783,176
Long-term loans and advances	11	18,272	127,961	1,208,889
		28,455,892	116,780,459	1,882,641,781
Current assets				
Trade receivables	12	1,609,009	2,756,450	106,452,012
Cash and cash equivalents	13	173,604	1,304,338	11,485,628
Short-term loan and advances	14	17,599,602	12,180,789	1,164,389,693
Other current assets	15	579,413	261,049	38,334,027
		19,961,628	16,502,627	1,320,661,361
Total		48,417,520	133,283,086	3,203,303,142
	727			

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached

Significant accounting policies

for ASCA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 0155158

Ashish Jain Partner

Membership number: 235486

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ISGN Corporation

Amit Kothiyal Director

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016 Sundararajan Sampath Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016

ISGN Corporation Statement of Profit and Loss

-	Note	For the year ended 31 December 2015 (in USD)	For the year ended 31 December 2014 (in USD)	Year ended December 31 December 2015 Convenience translation Into Rupees (Unaudited)
Revenue from operations				
Income from software services and products	16	21,975,223	23,763,686	1,453,880,756
Other income	17 _	269,677	39,881	17,841,857
Total revenue	<u></u>	22,244,900	23,803,567	1,471,722,614
Expenses				
Employee benefits	18	5,243,159	5,943,153	346,887,388
Finance costs	19	1,991,331	1,878,866	131,746,495
Depreciation and amortisation	9	2,888,958	3,877,371	191,133,455
Other expenses	20	112,885,768	15,105,150	7,468,522,433
Total expenses	-	123,009,216	26,804,540	8,138,289,771
Loss before tax		(100,764,316)	(3,000,973)	(6,666,567,157)
Exceptional items				
Tax expense				
Current tax		109,746	198,015	7,260,795
Loss for the year	-	(100,874,062)	(3,198,988)	(6,673,827,953)
Investment Write-Off	98175312			
Earnings per ordinary share (par value USD 10)	26			
Basic	20	(11,821.41)	(271.01)	
Diluted		(11,821.41)	(374.94)	(782,104.70)
(2)		(11,021.41)	(374.94)	(782,104.70)
Number of ordinary shares used in computing earnings per ordinary share				
Basic		0.513	0.000	-
Diluted		8,533	8,532	8,533
Direct		8,533	8,532	8,533

Significant accounting policies

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The notes referred to above form an integral part of the financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached

for ASCA & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 0155158 ASSO

Ashish Jain

Partner Member; 235486

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of 186,450,622 ISGN Corporation

Amit Kothiyal Director

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016 Sundararajan Sampath Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016

A. Cash flow from operating netivities: Loss before tax (100,764,316) (3,000,973) (6,666,567,157) Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense Provision for bad and doubtful debts / advances Provision for bad and doubtful debts / advances Provision for bad and doubtful debts / advances Stock compensation expense Stock compensation expen		For the year ended 31 December 2015 (in USD)	For the year ended 31 December 2014 (in USD)	Year ended 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense Depreciation and amortization expense Provision for bad and doubtful debts / advances 100,000 Doubtful debts / advances written off Stock compensation expense 327,394 \$10,609 \$21,660,387 Stock compensation expense 327,394 \$30,1609 \$21,660,387 Interest expense 751,238 634,324 49,701,873 Investment Write-Off 98,275,312 Bank charges and guarantee commission 1,240,094 1,244,542 Departing profit before working capital changes Changes in working capital Trade and other receivables and advances (4,580,046) Trade and other payables and liabilities 8,734,910 3,075,623 577,901,617 Cash generated from operations (163,553) (184,154) (10,820,637) Net eash from operating activities Capital expenditure towards tangible and intangible assets Capital expenditure towards tangible and intangible assets (2,949,390) (3,086,824) (195,131,641) Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired (10,000,002) 7,726 -1,726 -	A. Cash flow from operating activities :			
Depreciation and amortization expense 2,888,958 3,877,371 191,133,455 Provision for both and doubiful debts / advances 100,000 6,616,000 C2,0522 C- C3,000		(100,764,316)	(3,000,973)	(6,666,567,157)
Provision for bad and doubtful debts / advancess 100,000	Annual Section and Description			
Doubtful debts/ advances written off		2,888,958	3,877,371	191,133,455
Stock compensation expense 327,394 501,609 21,660,387 Interest expense 751,238 634,324 49,701,873 Interest paid 751,238 77,26 77,26 Interest paid 751,238 77,26 Interest paid 77,26 Interest paid 77,26 Inte		100,000	*	6,616,000
Interest expense		₩.	(20,252)	
Investment Write-Off Bank charges and guarantee commission 1,240,094		327,394	501,609	21,660,387
Bank charges and guarantee commission 1,240,094 1,244,542 82,044,622 Operating profit before working capital changes 2,818,680 3,236,621 186,483,708 Changes in working capital Trade and other receivables and advances (4,580,046) (2,142,375) (303,015,853) Trade and other receivables and liabilities 8,734,910 3,075,623 577,901,617 Cash generated from operations 6,973,543 4,169,870 461,369,473 Income taxes paid (163,553) (184,354) (10,820,637) Net eash from operating activities (6,809,991 3,985,516 450,548,835) B. Cash flow from investing activities Capital expenditure towards tangible and intangible assets (2,949,390) (3,086,824) (195,131,641) Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired Proceeds from sale of assets Net eash used in investing activities C. Cash flow from financing activities C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 - 463,120,000 Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities Share capital (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities Net (acerease) / increase in eash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (1,304,339) 2,501,587 (86,295,037) Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged		751,238	634,324	49,701,873
Operating profit before working capital changes 2,818,680 3,236,621 186,483,708		98,275,312		6,501,894,529
Changes in working capital Trade and other receivables and advances (4,580,046) (2,142,375) (303,015,853) Trade and other payables and liabilities (8,734,910) (3,075,623) (163,703) (163,703) (163,703) (168,353) (184,354) (10,820,637) (1	Bank charges and guarantee commission	1,240,094	1,244,542	82,044,622
Trade and other payables and liabilities 8,734,910 3,075,623 577,901,617 Cash generated from operations 6,973,543 4,169,870 461,369,473 Income taxes paid (163,553) (184,354) (10,820,637) Net eash from operating activities 6,809,991 3,985,516 450,548,835 B. Cash flow from investing activities Capital expenditure towards tangible and intangible assets (2,949,390) (3,086,824) (195,131,641) Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired Proceeds from sale of assets Net cash used in investing activities C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 7,726 C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 4,3079,098 (856,731,748) C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 1,244,542 (32,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities Share capital (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (32,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged		2,818,680	3,236,621	186,483,708
Trade and other payables and liabilities 8,734,910 3,075,623 577,901,617 Cash generated from operations 6,973,543 4,169,870 461,369,473 Income taxes paid (163,553) (184,354) (10,820,637) Net eash from operating activities 6,809,991 3,985,516 450,548,835 B. Cash flow from Investing activities Capital expenditure towards tangible and intangible assets (2,949,390) (3,086,824) (195,131,641) Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired Proceeds from sale of assets Net cash used in investing activities C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 7,726 Share capital 7,000,000 1,731,748 C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 1,746,745,748 Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (32,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	Trade and other receivables and advances	(4,580,046)	(2,142,375)	(303,015,853)
Cash generated from operations 6,973,543 4,169,870 461,369,473 Income taxes paid (163,553) (184,354) (10,820,637) Net cash from operating activities 6,809,991 3,985,516 450,548,835 B. Cash flow from Investing activities Capital expenditure towards tangible and intangible assets (2,949,390) (3,086,824) (195,131,641) Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired Proceeds from sale of assets (10,000,002) - (661,600,107) Proceeds from sale of assets (12,949,392) (3,079,098) (856,731,748) C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 - 463,120,000 Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in eash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and eash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and eash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged		8,734,910	3,075,623	
Net cash from operating activities 6,809,991 3,985,516 450,548,835		6,973,543		
Net cash from operating activities 6,809,991 3,985,516 450,548,835		(163,553)	(184,354)	7. 7. 6
Capital expenditure towards tangible and intangible assets Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired (10,000,002) Proceeds from sale of assets Net cash used in investing activities C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital Interest paid Interest paid Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents C. Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged (2,949,390) (10,000,002) - (12,949,392) (3,079,098) (3,079,098) (856,731,748) (856,731,748) - (463,120,000) - (463,120,000) (751,238) (634,324) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037	Net cash from operating activities	6,809,991	3,985,516	
Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired Proceeds from sale of assets 7,726 7,726 Net cash used in investing activities (12,949,392) (3,079,098) (856,731,748) C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 - 463,120,000 Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	B. Cash flow from investing activities		*	
Consideration paid for the net assets of subsidiaries acquired Proceeds from sale of assets 7,726 Net cash used in investing activities (12,949,392) (3,079,098) (856,731,748) C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 - 463,120,000 Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged		(2,949,390)	(3,086,824)	(195,131,641)
Proceeds from sale of assets Net cash used in investing activities C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital Interest paid Interest paid Bank charges and guarantee commission paid Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged 7,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000 7,000,000		(10,000,002)	27 G. 200 JW	(661,600,107)
C. Cash flow from financing activities Share capital 7,000,000 463,120,000 Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged		2000 A	7,726	
Share capital 7,000,000 - 463,120,000 Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged - - -	Net cash used in investing activities	(12,949,392)	(3,079,098)	(856,731,748)
Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	C. Cash flow from financing activities			
Interest paid (751,238) (634,324) (49,701,873) Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	Share capital	7,000,000		463,120,000
Bank charges and guarantee commission paid (1,240,094) (1,244,542) (82,044,622) Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged - - -	Interest paid	(751,238)	(634,324)	
Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities 5,008,668 (1,878,866) 331,373,505 Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (1,130,734) (1,197,249) (74,809,408) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	Bank charges and guarantee commission paid	(1,240,094)	(1,244,542)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities	5,008,668	(1,878,866)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 1,304,339 2,501,587 86,295,037 Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,130,734)	(1,197,249)	(74,809.408)
Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged				
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 173,604 1,304,339 11,485,628	Add: Cash and cash equivalents of the subsidiaries merged	to the second se		
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	173,604	1,304,339	11,485,628

This is the cash flow statement referred to in our audit report of even date

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for ASCA & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm's registration number: 0155185 & ASSOC

Ashish Jain

Partner
Membership number: 235486

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

ISGN Corporation

Amit Kothiyal

Director

Place: Bangalore

Date: 26th April 2016

Sundararajan Sampath Chief Finghcial Officer

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April 2016

1. Significant accounting policies

1.1 Background

ISGN Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "Company"), a Delaware Corporation was established in 1993.

Chambal Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited ("CFCL" or the "ultimate parent"), a Company incorporated under the laws of India, holds 100% of the Company through its majority owned subsidiary, CFCL Technologies Limited ("CFCLT" or the "parent"), a Cayman Islands organization.

The Company designs, develops, markets and distributes software products for mortgage lending industry and provides a wide range of consulting services, including implementation, customization and support of its software products, as well as training on their use and administration. The Company's customer base consists primarily of mortgage banks and financial institutions mainly in the United States of America.

1.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ("IGAAP") on accrual basis. IGAAP comprises accounting standards as prescribed by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2006, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified) and the Companies Act, 1956 (to the extent applicable). Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. These financial statements have been presented in United States Dollar, the functional currency of the Company.

1.3 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IGAAP requires the use of management estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates are based on historical experience and information that is available to management about current events and actions that the Company may take in the future. Significant items subject to estimates and assumptions include the useful lives of fixed assets, evaluation of impairment of fixed assets, identifiable intangible assets and goodwill, provision for income tax and deferred tax, valuation of the stock options granted and valuation of the assets and liabilities acquired in business combinations, contingencies and the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable and advances. The estimates also includes the business plan and future projections of the operations of the Company based on which the enterprise value and value of common stock as at year end has been arrived at and used to analyse indicators of impairment, if any. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, and if the future projection fails to materialize, the actual results including analysis of probable impairment could differ from these estimates.

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1.4 Going concern assumption

The Company has incurred losses during the current year of USD 2,598,750 and as at the balance sheet date, it has accumulated losses of USD 62,615,559 and its current liabilities are more than the current assets by USD 30,343,933. The management's business plans indicate that the Company will become cash positive which will bring down the overall cash needs of the Company and make them less reliant on external sources of funding. Based on the letter of continued financial support for at least over a period of one year from the balance sheet date as provided by the ultimate holding company, including meeting the Company's debt obligation, these financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to recoverability and classification of assets and liabilities that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

1.5 Revenue recognition

Revenue derived from professional services under the time and material contracts is recognized as the related services are performed.

Revenue from title and related operations are primarily transactions-based and is recognized when services are performed, the fee is fixed or determinable, and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenue from transaction services and other service contracts is recognized based on transactions processed. The Company also generates upfront, non-refundable revenues from process transition activities. Revenue and costs attributable to such process transition activities are deferred where such activities do not represent the culmination of a separate earnings process. Such revenue and related costs are recognized ratably over the period in which the related services are performed. Deferred costs are limited to the amount of deferred revenue and any excess costs are expensed as incurred.

The Company also derives its revenues from software services and from business process outsourcing and knowledge process outsourcing services, provided either on time and material, fixed-price fixed-time frame and unit-price basis. Revenue with respect to time-and-material contracts is recognized as the related services are rendered and revenue from the end of the last billing to the Balance Sheet date is recognized as unbilled revenue. The Company's fixed price contracts include application maintenance and support services, on which revenue is recognized ratably over the period in which the services are rendered. Revenue with respect to other fixed price contracts, where there is no uncertainty as to measurement and collectability of consideration, is recognized on a percentage of completion basis. The input (cost expended) method has been used because management considers this to be the best available measure of progress on these contracts as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved.

Revenues from unit-priced contracts are recognized as transactions are processed based on objective measures of output. Cost and earnings in excess of billings are classified as unbilled revenue while billing in excess of cost and earnings is classified as deferred revenue.

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1.5 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from the sale of user licenses for software applications is recognized on transfer of the title in the user license, except in case of multiple element contracts, under which post-contract maintenance and support services are also rendered by the Company. In the case of multiple element contracts, revenue from sale of user licenses is recognized on transfer of the title in the user license after appropriately reducing the fair value of the maintenance services to be recognised as revenues. Revenue from post-contract maintenance and support services is recognized ratably over the period in which services are rendered.

Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the current estimates. When the Company receives advances for its services, such amounts are reflected as advance received from customers until all conditions for revenue recognition are met. The Company presents revenues net of service taxes and value added taxes, but gross of certain reimbursements in its Statement of Profit and Loss.

Interest income is recognized using the time-proportion method, based on the rates implicit in the transaction.

1.6 Fixed assets and depreciation

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises of purchase price and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Pro-rata depreciation is provided on all fixed assets purchased and sold during the year. Depreciation on assets has been provided at the rates based on the following useful lives of fixed assets estimated by the Management:

Asset description	Useful life
Computers and accessories	3 years
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 to 7 years
Vehicles	5 years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over their estimated useful life or the reminder of the primary lease period whichever is shorter.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are classified as capital advances. The cost of the fixed asset not ready for its intended use on such date is classified as capital work-in-progress.

5/3/

1.7 Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise of goodwill, intellectual property rights, computer software and internally generated software platforms.

Goodwill that arises on an amalgamation or on the acquisition of a business is presented as an intangible asset. Goodwill arising from amalgamation is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment loss. Goodwill arising on acquisition of a business is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment loss. Goodwill arising on acquisition is not amortized but tested for impairment atleast annually or as circumstances warrant at the reporting unit level. If impairment is indicated, a write-down to fair value (normally measured by discounting estimated future cash flows) is recorded.

Goodwill arising from amalgamation is amortized over its useful life or a period of 5 years from the date of amalgamation, whichever is shorter. Costs relating to intellectual property rights, which are acquired, are capitalized and amortized over a period of 1 to 3 years.

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred. Development activities involve a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved software products or processes. Development expenditure is capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Company intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use the asset. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour, overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use, and is classified as internally generated software platforms. Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Amortisation is calculated over the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The estimated useful lives for both internally generated software and acquired computer software is considered as 3 years. Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

1.8 Retirement and other employee benefits

Contributions made towards retirement/employee benefits, in accordance with the relevant applicable local laws are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Compensated absence, which is a short-term defined benefit plan, is recognized as an expense as per the Company's scheme based on expected obligations, as at the Balance Sheet date on an undiscounted basis.

1.9 Employee stock compensation costs

The Company has not issued any shares/ stock options on its shares. The holding company has, however, issued stock options on its own shares to certain employees of the Company. The cost of such stock options has not been cross charged by the Parent to the Company. In accordance with Guidance Note on Employee Share Based Payments issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India ("ICAI"), the Company accounts for such stock options based on based on the grant date fair value of the options granted to employees and makes appropriate disclosures in its financial statements.

Employee stock compensation costs for stock options are recognized as employee benefit expenses in accordance with the guidance note on "Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, based on the grant date fair value of the options granted to employees. The fair value of the options is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model on the basis of the valuation performed and recognized in a graded manner on the basis of weighted period of services over the vesting period. The expected term of an option is estimated based on the vesting term and contractual term of the option, as well as expected exercise behaviour of the employee who receives the option. Expected volatility during the expected term of the option is based on historical volatility, during a period equivalent to the expected term of the option, of the observed market prices of the publicly traded equity shares of comparable listed entities. Expected dividends during the expected term of the option are based on recent dividend activity. Risk-free interest rates are based on the government securities yield in effect at the time of the grant over the expected term.

1.10 Income taxes

Current tax

The current charge for income taxes is calculated in accordance with the relevant tax regulations applicable to the Company.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income i.e. differences that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain to be realized.

1.11 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving base earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The diluted potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value which is the average market value of the outstanding shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

5/87.

ISGN Corporation

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

1.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and balance in bank in current accounts. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

1.13 Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit/ (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from regular operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

1.14 Leases

Where the Company is the lessee

Operating leases – Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased term are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Finance leases – Finance leases, which effectively transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalized at the lower of the fair value and present value of the minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease term. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability based on the implicit rate of return. Finance charges are charged directly against income. Lease management fees, legal charges and other initial direct costs are capitalized.

If there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain the ownership by the end of the lease term, capitalized leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Where the Company is the lessor

Operating eases – Lease income by sub-lease of office premises is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Costs incurred towards such properties are recognized as expenses in the statement of profit and loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs are recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

1.15 Provision and contingencies

Provision is recognised when, as a result of obligating events, there is a present obligation that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

The disclosure of contingent liability is made when, as a result of obligating events, there is ε_1 assible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resource.

No provision or disclosure is made when, as a result of obligating events, there is a possible obligation or a present obligation where the likelihood of an outflow of resources is remote.

5/2).

1.15 Provision and contingencies (Continued)

Provisions for onerous contracts, i.e. contracts where the expected unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it, are recognised when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of an obligating event based on a reliable estimate of such obligation.

1.16 Investments

Investments are either classified as current or long-term based on the Management's intention at the time of purchase. Current investments are carried at the lower of cost and fair value, determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost and provisions recorded to recognize any diminution, other than temporary, in the carrying value of each investment.

50).

ISGN Corporation

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

2. Share capital

Particulars	Asat	Asat	As at
	31 December	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	2015	(in USD)	Convenience translation
	(in USD)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	into Rupees (Unaudited)
Authorised		· · ·	
Ordinary shares			
10000 (previous year: 10000), Ordinary shares of par value USD 10 each	100,000	100,000	6,616,000
Preference shares			
3,000,000 (previous year: 3,000,000) Preference shares of par value USD 0.0001			
each	300	300	19,848
Issued, subscribed and paid up:			
Ordinary shares			
8534 (previous year: 8532 Ordinary shares of par value of USD 10 each fully paid			
up .	85,340	95 120	6.616.121
	0,340	85,320	5,646,121
	85,340	85,320	5,646,121

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding as at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Particulars	31 December 2	31 December 2015		
	Number of shares	Amount (in USD)	Number of shares	Amount (in USD)
Ordinary shares				
Shares at the beginning of the year	8,532	85,320	8,531	85,310
Add: Shares issued during the year	2	20	. 1	10
Shares at the end of the year*	8,534	85,340	8,532	85,320

Par value of the shares had been changed from \$0.0001 to \$10 per share, consequent to which the number of shares has been consolidated from \$52,774,045 to 8532 in previous year

Rights, preference and restrictions attached to ordinary shares

The Company has a single class of ordinary shares having a par value of USD 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. The Company has not proposed any dividend during the current year. In the event of liquidation, the ordinary shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

Shareholding by the Holding Company and ordinary shareholders holding more than 5 percent of ordinary shares along with the number of ordinary shares held at the beginning and at the end of the year is as given below:

Particulars	As at 31 Decemb	er 2015	As at 31 December 2014	
•	Number of shares	% of share holding	Number of shares	% of share holding
CFCL Technologies Limited, Holding Company	8,534	100.00%	8,532	100.00%

Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

Details of issuance of issuance of shares for consideration other than cash during the last five years ended 31 December 2014 are as below:

Particulars Particulars	Number of shares	Par value per share
Shares issued to Holding Company in settlement of liability during the year ended 31 December 2011	247,172,135	0.0001
Shares issued to Holding Company in settlement of liability during the year ended 31 December 2012	16,677,785	0.0001
Shares issued to Holding Company in settlement of liability during the year ended 31 December 2013	4	0.0001
Shares issued to Holding Company in settlement of liability during the year ended 31 December 2014	1	10
Shares issued to Holding Company in settlement of liability during the year ended 31 December 2015	2	10

There has been no issuance of bonus shares or buy back of shares during the last five years ended 31 December 2015



ISGN Corporation

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Employee stock options

The Board of Directors of CFCL Technologies Limited, the Holding Company approved the 2007 Share Option Plan ('Plan') administered by compensation committee of the Board of Directors for granting stock options to certain employees of its subsidiaries companies as per Management's discretion. A committee has been constituted to administer the Plan along with the Board and to determine the grant date fair value which would be the exercise price for such options. A total of 6,081,498 ordinary shares were reserved for issuance under the Plan.

The fair value of the ordinary shares has been determined by the management on the date of the grant of the stock options to the employees pursuant to the Plan. The fair valuation has been done using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model. The stock options vest equally over the period of 4 years and the exercise period is 10 years from the date of grant. The stock compensation cost is a component of the fair value of the stock options and the number of options, which is recognised as employee compensation cost over the vesting period, provided that the stock option holders continue to be in employment of the Company. The employee compensation cost recognised in the statement of profit and loss is USD 327,394 (previous year: USD 501,609). The weighted average remaining useful life of the stock options is 7.77 years (previous year: 8.42 years).

The Holding Company, in its Board Meeting held on 19 July 2013, had modified the exercise price of all the outstanding stock options to USD 1.09 to bring it in line with the fair value of the share as at that date. Accordingly, all the existing stock options were re-priced at USD 1.09. The Company had accounted for this change in accordance with the Guidance Note on "Accounting for Employee Share-based Payments" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The following table details the movement of options under the Plan mentioned above:

Particulars		For the year ended 31 December 2015		For the year ended 31 December 2014	
	Number	Weighted average exercise price	Number	Weighted average exercise	
Options outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,261,171	1.12	1,557,639		
Options granted during the year	5,000	1.09	114,521	1.24	
Option forfeited during the year	18,000	1.09	410,989		
Options exercised during the year		1.09	410,789	1.09	
Options outstanding at the end of the year	12015		<u>-</u> _	1.09	
Options exercisable at the end of the year	1,248,171	1.12	1,261,171	1.12	
Ophibits exercisable at the end of the year	774,264	1.12	484,492	1.09	

The estimated weighted average fair value of options granted during the year was USD 0.64 to USD 0.75 (previous year: USD 0.53). This was calculated by applying the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model with the following inputs:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 December 2015	For the year ended 31 December 2014
Fair value per share (USD)	\$1.09 to \$1.26	\$1.09 to \$1.26
Exercise price (USD)	\$1.09 to \$1.26	\$1.09 to \$1.26
Average risk-free interest rate	1.25% to 1.47%	0.92 - 1.25 %
Expected volatility of share price	0,6585	0.6585
Expected life of options granted (in years)	6	6
Expected dividend yield	Nil	Nil
Fair value of the options	USD 0.65 to USD 0.75	USD 0.64 to USD 0.75

^{*} the numbers in the table have been presented post modification of the ESOP scheme.

The following table provides details in respect of range of exercise price and weighted average remaining contractual life for the options outstanding as at

Range of exercise price	Shares arising out of options	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Weighted average exercise price (USD)
USD 1.09 to USD 1.26	1,248,171	7.77	1.12

The following table provides details in respect of range of exercise price and weighted average remaining contractual life for the options outstanding as at

Range of exercise price	Shares arising out of options	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Weighted average exercise price (USD)
USD 1.09 to USD 1.26	1,261,171	8.42 years	1.12

5/2)-

3. Reserves and surplus

Particulars	As at 31 December 2015 (in USD)	As at 31 December 2014 (in USD)	As at 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Securities premium account			=
At the commencement of the year	149,324,313	139,324,356	9,879,296,561
Add: Additions during the year	6,999,980	9,999,957	463,118,677
Bulance at the end of the year	156,324,293	149,324,313	10,342,415,238
Employee stock options outstanding account			
At the commencement of the year	2,265,804	1,764,195	149,905,605
Add: Employee compensation expenses for the year	327,394	501,609	21,660,387
At the end of the year	2,593,198	2,265,804	171,565,992
Deficit (balance in Statement of Profit and Loss)			
Opening balance	(60,016,809)	(56,817,821)	(3,970,712,107)
Add: Net loss for the year	(100,874,062)	(3,198,988)	(6,673,827,953)
Closing balance	(160,890,871)	(60,016,809)	(10,644,540,059)
	(1,973,380)	91,573,309	(130,558,829)

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ISGN Corporation

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

4. Other Long-term Liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(in USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into
	(555)	(iii cob)	Rupees (Unaudited)
No. In the second			- Compared (Communical)
Security deposit	•	8,300	, 1 -
	×=	8,300	
5. Short-term borrowings			
5. Short-term borrowings			
	As at	As at	Asat
	As at 31 December 2015	As at	As at
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
5. Short-term borrowings Particulars			
Particulars	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015 Convenience translation into
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015 Convenience translation into

1. ISGN Corporation, USA has a line of credit facility of USD 22,000,000 from JP MorganChase Bank. The credit facility is secured by way of:

Pledge and Secured by collateral interest in all rights, title, interest in, (i) all accounts; (ii) all general intangibles; (iii) all cash or cash equivalents; (iv) all deposit accounts with any bank or other financial institution; (v) and all accessories to, substitutions for and replacements, proceeds, insurance proceeds and products of the foregoing, together with all books and records, customer lists, credit files, computer files, programs, printouts and other computer materials and records related thereto and any general intangibles at any time evidencing or relating to any of the foregoing but excluding deposit, escrow or similar accounts of the borrowers held for the benefit of third parties in the ordinary course of business of the borrowers.

22,000,000

22,000,000

2. Further, the ultimate parent company Chambal Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited, has given a corporate guarantee for the credit facility to the extent of USD 22,000,000. ISGN Corporation has agreed to pay a consideration for the guarantee extended by the ultimate parent company @ 5.5% per annum for the guarantee amount of USD 22,000,000.

The above guarantee commission is payable as follows:

- a) Monthly guarantee commission @ 0.22% of the guaranty amount of USD 22,000,000.
- b) Balance guarantee commission to be paid equally by the sixth and 12th month of every year.
- 3. The credit facility is available till October 20, 2016
- 4. The interest rate on the credit facility is as follows:
- a) a fixed rate equal to the Eurodollar Rate applicable to such loan in the range of 0.313% to 0.625% (a "Eurodollar loan"), plus 2.75%. In addition, ISGN Corporation has also agreed to pay monthly commitment fees of 0.5% of the loan amount.

6. Trade payables

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 December 2015 (in USD)	31 December 2014 (in USD)	31 December 2015
	(111 03D)	(111 03D)	Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Trade payables due to micro and small enterprises (refer Note 23)			
other creditors	134,487	160,960	8,897,663
	134,487	160,960	8,897,663

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1,455,520,000

ISGN Corporation

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

7. Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(in USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into
			Rupees (Unaudited)
Accrued expenses	1,917,258	1,440,428	126,845,814
Deposits	17,898	17,898	1,184,110
Payables to related parties (refer Note 24(e))	22,791,979	13,945,658	1,507,917,303
Unearned revenue	3,126,763	3,668,289	206,866,632
Other liabilities	14,412	25,572	953,491
Advance from customers	22,123	. vo. •	1,463,640
4	27,890,432	19,097,845	1,845,230,990
8. Short-term provisions			
Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(in USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into Rupces (Unaudited)
Provision for employee benefits		7,000	
Compensated absences	137,361	160,266	9,087,830
Others			
Provision for taxation (net of advance tax and tax deducted at	143,279	197,086	9,479,368
Provision for onerous contracts		-	-
-	280,641	357,352	18,567,198
Movement for provisions recorded, as required under AS - 29 is a	is follows:		
Onerous contracts	8		
Particulars Particulars	As at	As at	Asat
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(in USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Balance at the commencement of the year		525,383	-
Provision made during the year	•	10 6- 17-	<u> </u>
Provision utilised during the year	•	(525,383)	•
Balance at the end of the year	•		

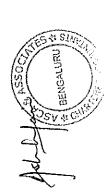
Provisions for onerous contracts: The Company had vacated some of its leased premises as it was unable to utilise the premises to their full capacity. These premises had been taken under non-cancellable lease arrangements till a future date. The Company had recognised a provision for these onerous lease contracts which has been completely utilized during the year.



18GN Corporation
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements for the year	
Notes to the financia	9. Fixed assets

			Gress block						,				(fn USD)
	46.26	Artistone	Diament				Accumulated o	Accumulated depreciation and amortisation	dmortisation			Net block	
	1 January 2015	Authority	EL REGUESION	As 40 31 December 2015	31 December 2015	As at 1 January 2015	Depreciation/	Deductions/	As at	31 December	Asat	31 December	A5.22
Particulars						À	charge for the	ndjustments	2015	Convenience	2015 2015	Convenience	31 December 2013
	•				translation into		year			translation into		translation	
					(Unaudited)					(Unsudited)		(Tinandifed)	
I angibie assets, owned		•											
Leaschold improvements	295,644	•	•	295,644	19,559,807	288,409	1,509		289,918.46	19,181,005	5,726	378,802	7.235
Computers and accessories	2,588,324	\$5,018	•	2,643,342	174,883,507	2,587,319	15,221		2,602,540.00	172,184,046	40,802	2,699,460	1.005
Office equipment	622,549	•	•	622,549	41,187,842	617,635	4,914		622,549.00	41,187,842	٠	•	4,914,00
Fundanc and fixtures	549,035		,	549,035	36,324,156	549,035	•	•	549,035,00	36,324,156	•	•	,
Vehicles	39,038	•	F	39,038	2,582,753	39,038	,	•	39,038.00	2,582,754	•	(e)	
Total tangible assets	4,094,590	810.22		4,149,608	274.538.064	9EF 18UF	21 644		4 100 000	100 000	3,		
Previous year	061'690'r	25.400		065'+60'+		1000 17	20,962		1,081,436	CD0,5C4,112	13.154	3,078,261	13.132
Intangible assets, owned													
Computer software	546,930	1	á	546,930	36,184,889	413,130	26,912		440,042	29,113,159	106,888	7,071,730	133,800
Goodwill	25,897,834	•		25,897,834	1,713,400,697	14,645,422	• "		14,645,422	968,941,120	11,252,412	744,459,578	11.252.412
Intellectual property	4,367,363	•	1	4,367,363	288,944,736	4,367,363	•		4,367,363	288,944,736	•	•	
Internally developed software platforms	25,332,454	2,455,670	206,711	27,581,413	1,824,786,284	21,606,765	2.840,402		24,447,167	1,617,424,552	3,134,246	207,361,733	3,725,689
Total intangible assets	56,144,581	2,455,670	206,711	58.393.540	3.863.116.606	089 650 15	3 977 313		200 000	777			
Previous year	53,478,103	2.666.178		183 771 93		126 321 26	2 057 700	•	25,099,993	2,904,423,566	14,493,547	958.893.040	15,111,901
						37.170.77	2020,402		41,032,660		15.111.901		_



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10. Non-current investments

Particulars	Asst	As at	Asa
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 201:
	(In USD)	(In USD)	Convenience translation into
Long-term investments, at cost			Rupees (Unnudited
Trade (unquoted)	Š.		
Investment in subsidiary			
732 (previous year: 730) Ordinary shares of USD 100 each in	110,832,494	100,832,493	7,332,677,818
ISON Solutions, Inc, fully paid up	110,000,771	100,032,493	7,077,010 در،
Less: Impairment of investment	(98,275,312)		(6,501,894,642
	12,557,182	100,832,493	830,783,176
11. Long-term loans and advances			
Particulars	Asat	As at	As a
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(la USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into
		·	Rupees (Unaudited
To parties other than related parties			
- Security deposits	18.272	127,961	1 300 000
	10,212	121,701	1,208,889
	18,272	127,961	1,208,889
*			
12. Trade receivables			
Particulars	- As at	As at	Asat
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(in USD)	(In USD)	Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Receivables outstanding for period exceeding six months from the date	they become due for payment		
Unsecured, considered good	216,623	199,574	14,331,770
Unsecured, considered doubtful	1,159,682	1,321,550	76,724,586
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(1,159,682)	(1,321,550)	(76,724,586)
**	216,623	199,574	14,331,770
Other debts			
Unsecured, considered good	1,392,386	2,556,876	92,120,243
Unsecured, considered doubtful	11,396	14,225	753,981
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(11,396)	(14,225)	(753,981)
Less. Fluvision for goudiful debts	(11/42/4)		
Less. Provision for doubtful debts	1,392,386	2,556,876	92,120,243
Less. Provision for countries debts		2,556,876 2,756,450	92,120,243



13. Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	Asat	Asa
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(in USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into
2		C. 1222	Rupees (Unaudited)
Cash on hand			
Balances with banks	\ .	-	()
In current accounts	172 (04		
The state of the s	173,604	1,304,338	11,485,628
	173,604	1,304,338	11,485,628
14. Short-term loan and advances			
Particulars			
	As at	As at	As at
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
•	(in USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
To parties other than related parties (unsecured)			rapes (chantite)
Considered good			
- Security deposits			
- Advance to suppliers	¥3 373-20	6,084	:
- Prepaid expense	. 885	25,328	58,556
- Other advances	156,892		10,379,976
- Other advances	109,428	281,453	7,239,754
To tolated portion (unequal)	267,205	312,865	17,678,286
To related parties (unsecured) Considered good			
- Other advances (refer Note 24(e))			
- Other advances (refer Note 24(e))	17,332,397	11,867,924	1,146,711,407
	17,332,397	11,867,924	1,146,711,407
	17,599,602	12,180,789	1,164,389,693
15. Other current assets			
Particulars	As at	As at	As at
	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	(in USD)	(in USD)	Convenience translation into
		200 10	Rupees (Unaudited)
Unbilled revenue	579,413	261,049	38,334,027
		,	50,551,021

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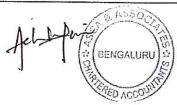
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16. Income from software services and products

Particulars	For the year ended 31 December 2015 (in USD)	For the year ended 31 December 2014 (in USD)	Year ended 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Knowledge process outsourcing services (refer Note 24(d))	9,399,498	9,480,658	621,870,818
Software services	6,167,920	7,375,752	408,069,557
Software license fee	1,944,899	1,920,374	128,674,521
Software maintenance	4,462,906	4,986,902	295,265,860
	21,975,223	23,763,686	1,453,880,756

17. Other income

Particulars	For the year ended 31 December 2015 (in USD)	For the year ended 31 December 2014 (in USD)	Year ended 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Profit on sale of fixed assets	•		
Sub-lease income	<u></u> 20	28,289	-
Provisions no longer required written back		-	
Miscellaneous income	269,677	11,592	17,841,857
	269,677	39,881	17,841,857



18. Employee benefits

Particulars	For the year ended 31 December 2015 (In USD)	For the year ended 31 December 2014 (in USD)	Year ended 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Salaries and bonus Contribution to provident fund and other funds Stock compensation expense Staff welfare including insurance	3,818,932 471,286 327,394 625,547	4,296,204 556,915 501,609 588,425	252,660,525 31,180,306 21,660,387 41,386,170
	5,243,159	5,943,153	346,887,388

19. Finance costs

Particulars	For the year ended 31 December 2015 (in USD)	For the year ended 31 December 2014 (in USD)	Year ended 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Interest expense Bank charges and guarantee commission*	751,238 1,240,094	634,324 1,244,542	49,701,873 82,044,622
t includes guarantee commission of USD 1.010.000	1,991,332	1,878,866	131,746,495

includes guarantee commission of USD 1,212,200 (previous year: USD 1,214,217)

20. Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 December 2015 (In USD)	For the year ended 31 December 2014 (in USD)	Year ended 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Sub-contracting expenses	12,532,497	13,191,715	920 150 022
Software subscription charge		13,171,113	829,150,022
Rent	216,563	296,433	14 227 707
Power and fuel	6,206	24,035	14,327,786 410,595
Repairs and maintenance:	-	24,000	410,393
- computer equipment	377,024	397,616	24,943,887
- others	27,949	577,010	1,849,127
Rates and taxes	13,457	5,540	890,338
Insurance	63,882	139,422	
Traveling and conveyance	273,326	469,146	4,226,432
Communication	60,242	71,016	18,083,269
Consultancy, legal and professional charges	544,367	199,968	3,985,605
Sales promotion and advertisement	41,953	66,419	36,015,292
Provision for doubtful debts	100,000	00,417	2,775,618
Doubtful advances written-off	-	(20,252)	6,616,000
Printing and stationery	2.760	4,539	102.600
Investment write-off	98,275,312	4,539	182,600
Miscellaneous expenses	350,230	260.663	6,501,894,642
BENGALURU ()	330,230	259,553	23,171,222
	112,885,768	15,105,150	J-468,522,434

21. Contingent liabilities and other commitments

Contingent liabilities:

The company is subject to legal proceedings and claims, which have arisen in the ordinary course of business. The management does not reasonably expect that these legal actions, when ultimately concluded and determined, will have a material and adverse effect on the company's results of operations or financial condition.

22. Leases

Company as lessee

Operating lease

The Company is obligated under non-cancellable leases for office premises and certain equipments. Future minimum lease payments are:

	(Amoun	t in USD)	
Year ended 31 December	2015	2014	2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Not later than one year	357,672	351,584	23,663,580
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,541,256	1,515,026	101,969,497
Later than five years	1,061,117	1,473,868	70,203,501

The total rental expense recognized under cancellable and non-cancellable operating leases in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 USD 216,563 (31 December 2014: USD 296,433).

Company as lessor

Operating lease

The Company has leased out certain office premises under non-cancellable operating lease.

The total rental income recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 December 2015 is USD Nil (31 December 2014: USD 28,289).

23. Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises

The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an office memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allocated after filing of the Memorandum in accordance with the 'Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' ('the Act'). Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 has been made in the financial statements based on information received and available with the Company. Further in view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the Act is not expected to be material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier as at the Balance Sheet date.

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		(Amount in USD)
Particulars	For the year ended 31 December 2015	For the year ended 31 December 2014
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	-	
The amount of interest paid by the Company along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	(-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act	,-	5 I
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	5.	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise	-	-

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24. Related party disclosures

List of related parties

a) List of parties where control exists

Ultimate holding company - Chambal Fertilisers and Chemicals Limited Holding Company - CFCL Technologies Limited, Cayman Islands

Subsidiaries ISGN Solutions, Inc, USA

Companies which are under control through intermediaries
ISGN Fulfillment Services, Inc (Pennsylvania)
ISGN Fulfillment Services, Inc (Arizona)- dissolved effective 12th January 2016
ISGN Fulfillment Agency, LLC (Delaware)
Richmond Investors, LLC- dissolved effective from 10 July 2015
Richmond Title Genpar, LLC-dissolved effective from 07 April 2015
Richmond Title Services, LP dissolved effective from 08 June 2015

b) Fellow subsidiary
CFCL Ventures Limited
ISG Novasoft Technologies Limited

 c) Key Management Personnel (KMP)
 Amit Kothiyal, Chief Executive Officer and Director Sundararajan Sampath, CFO

5/7).

d) Related party transactions

	For the year	Amount in USD For the year	
	ended	ended	As at
Particulars	31 December 2015	31 December 2014	31 December 2015
	¥	•	Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Ultimate holding company			
Guarantee commission	1,212,200	1,214,217	80,199,152
Holding company			
Issue of ordinary shares*	7,000,000	10,000,000	463,120,000
Short-term loan received	-	3,591,261	-
Subsidiaries			
Income from software services and products	9,399,498	9,480,658	621,870,788
Sub-contracting expenses (employee benefit costs cross charged from ISGN Solutions, Inc) Investment in ordinary shares of ISGN	818,193	950,018	54,131,649
Solutions, Inc**	10,000,000	-1	661,600,000
Fellow subsidiary Sub-contracting expenses (ISG Novasoft			
Technologies Limited)	12,512,490	13,255,023	827,826,338
Companies which are under control through intermediaries			
Sub-contracting expenses (employee benefit costs cross charged from ISGN Fulfilment Services, Inc)	1,229,060	335,145	81,314,610
Key Management Personnel			
Employee benefits	477,943	624,424	31,620,709

^{*} The issue of shares as disclosed above was a non-cash transaction, whereby, certain liabilities towards the Holding Company have been adjusted by means of issuance of equity.

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^{**} The investment in shares as disclosed above was a non-cash transaction, whereby, the amount receivable from the subsidiary was adjusted by means of investment in its equity.

e) Related party balances:

		Amount in USD	
	As at	As at	As at
Particulars	31-Dec-15	31-Dec-14	31-Dec-15
			Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Holding company			- confess (emadated)
Other advances	1,825,409	1,772,601	120,769,059
Other liabilities	454,117	-	30,044,381
Fellow subsidiary			30,044,381
Other current liabilities (ISG Novasoft Technologies Limited)	8,891,694	7,804,185	588,274,475
Other advances (CFCL Ventures Limited)	20,546	15,855	1,359,323
Companies which are under control through intermediaries Other advances (ISGN Fulfillment Services, Inc) Other advances (Richmond Title Services, LP)	13,621,448	9,902,337 177,131	901,195,000
,	=		
Subsidiaries			
Other current liabilities (ISGN Solutions, Inc)	13,446,166	6,129,649	889,598,343
Other current liabilities (Novasoft Information Technology Corporation)	₩./	11,824	-
Unbilled receivables – Solutions	1,864,994		123,388,003

25. Segmental reporting

The Company's business activity falls within a single primary business segment (namely, mortgage processing services) and a single geographical segment (namely, the United States of America). Accordingly, disclosure requirements under Accounting Standard 17, 'Segment Reporting', notified by the Central Government, are not applicable.

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26. Earnings per ordinary share

Amount in USD, except share data

Amount in USD, except share data			t share data
	Year ended 31 December 2015	Year ended 31 December 2014	As at 31 December 2015 Convenience translation into Rupees (Unaudited)
Loss for the year	(2,598,750)	(31,98,988)	(171,933,300)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares considered in calculating basic and diluted Earnings Per Share ('EPS')	8533	8532	8533
Basic and diluted EPS	(304.55)	(374.94)	(20149.03)

There were no potentially dilutive equity shares as at 31 December 2015 and 2014.

27. Convenience translation

The books of accounts of the Company are maintained in US Dollars ('USD') being the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. Supplementary information in Indian Rupees (INR) is provided for convenience only. The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, Cash Flow Statement and related notes have been translated at the rate of 1 USD = INR 66.16. These numbers are based on information from the Management and have not been audited by ASCA & Associates.

28. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group has entered into 2 agreements on 28th January, 2016, i.e. a Stock Purchase Agreement for the sale of ISGN Solutions and subsidiaries for an amount of 12,557,182 and a Slump Sale Agreement for the sale portion of ISG Novasoft Technologies Ltd for an amount of USD 456,000. These agreements have been entered with Firstsource Group USA, Inc and Firstsource Process Management Services Limited respectively for the sale of the Group's knowledge process outsourcing (KPO) unit.

for ASCA & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 015515S

Ashish Jain

Membership number: 235486

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April '16 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ISGN Corporation

Amit Kothiyal

Director

Sundacarajan Sampath

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Bangalore Date: 26th April '16

Place: Bangalore
Date: 26th April '16